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(b) The other deposits (Mn2 to Mn8) are small and undeveloped.

Chromium

6. Five to ten thousand tons of chromium ore per year are still being mined from small mines along the Greek border (CR 1, CR 2, CR 3, CR 4), but there has been no attempt to increase this effort.

Copper

7.

- (a) The Shlastie mine (Cu 1) and the West Plakalnitza properties (Cu 4) are not producing. The Plakalnitza mine (Cu 2) is exhausted.
 - (b) The Ludzhana (Luzhene) Mine (Cu 5) near Panagyurishte has been producing pyrites. As early as 1944, this mine was exporting 15,000 tons of pyrite per year and since World War II it has been producing 10 to 15,000 tons per year.
 - (c) The total reserves in the three copper deposits near Panagyurishte (Cu 4, Cu 5, Cu 6) are not over 40 to 50,000 tons. What copper is produced is shipped to the USSR.
 - (d) The Rosen Bair mine (Cu 7) in the Burgas region has two concentrating plants (1953). No production figures are available but production is believed to be considerable. Part of the copper is smelted in the Eliseyna concentrator and smelter (Cu 3) and part shipped to the USSR.

Lead and Zinc

- (a) The Communists have been exerting considerable efforts to push the production of the lead and zinc mines near the Greek border in the Rodhope (Rodopi) Mountains.
- (b) The Kurdzhali concentrator is a flotation plant built by the Germans near Pirin. It has a capacity of 200,000 tons per year.
- (c) The Rodopski concentrator near Madan has a capacity of 20 to 30,000 tons per year.
- (d) A new, modern concentrator was completed in 1953, and an entirely new town (Rudozem) has been built around it. Rudozem is close to the producing mines and avoids an aerial tram, 40 miles long, which previously constituted a bottleneck.
- (e) The total production from the area is about 250,000 tons of lead and zinc ore. These figures could not be clarified. Λ production of about 400,000 500,000 tons per year of ore would appear to be possible with the completion of the new concentrator.

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9. <u>Ur</u>	anium (a)	The Sofia area (U 1) was not developed by the Germans but has been intensively mined by the Soviets. Only a few thousand tons of ore have been found and recovered, notwithstanding the employment of several thousand workers.	5X1X
	(b)	This area is the only place where uranium has been found although search is being made throughout the country, especially for the geological origin of the uranium.	
	(c)	mined underground from an alluvial, river deposited bed.	
10. The Man ann	tin fu	a small steel plant at Pernik with an electric furnace, two rnaces the published figures of 250,000 tons roduction constitute propaganda claims and are very	25X1X
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